Ⅰ. 연 혁

1. 연수구의 역사

인천의 옛지명은 동국여지승람(東國與地勝覽)에 기록된 백제 건국의 전설에 따르면 백제시조 온조(溫祚)의 동복형(同腹兄)인 비류(沸流)가 오늘의 인천에 정착하여 미추홀(彌趨忽)이라고 부르게 된 것이 그 발상이라 하며 삼국시대에는 고구려, 백제, 신라 3국간 쟁탈의 목표가 되었던 곳이었다. 삼국간의 영토로 번복 변천을 거듭하다가 신라 진흥왕 14년(553년)에 신라의 신주(新州)인 한산주(漢山州)에 속하였고 경덕왕 때에는 소성(邵城)이라 불러 율진군의 영현(嶺縣)이 되었다. 그 후 고려 현종 9년(1018년)에는 수주(樹州)에 속하였으며, 숙종 때에는 인예왕후(仁睿王后)이씨의 고향이어서 경원군(慶源郡)으로 올리었고 인종 때에는 또 순덕왕후(順德王后) 이씨(李氏)의 고향이 되어서 지인주사(至仁州事)로 고쳐졌다. 공양왕 2년(1390년)에는 경원부(慶源府)로 승격되고, 조선왕조의 태조 원년(1392년)에 다시 인주(仁州)로 되고 태종 13년(1413년)에 이르러 인천군(仁川郡)이 되었으며 세조 6년 (1461년)에는 소헌왕후(昭憲王后)의 외향이므로 해서 도호부(都護府)로 삼았다.

연수구 지역은 1413년 인천도호부 먼우금면의 옹암리(甕岩里), 먹암리(黑菴里), 망해리(望海里), 동막리(東幕里), 척전리(尺前里), 한진리(漢津里), 함박리(咸朴里), 야동(治洞), 옥동(玉洞)지역으로, 1914년 부천군(富川郡) 문학면(文鶴面)에 편입되었으며, 인천부역 확장시 인천부로 재편입 되었고, 1968년 남구에 편입되었다가 1994년 12월 16일 법률 제4802호에 의거 옥련(玉蓮), 선학(仙鶴), 연수1(延壽1), 연수2(延壽2), 청학(靑鶴), 동춘(東春)동을 분할 1995년 3월 1일 5개 법정동과 8개 행정동으로 연수구를 개청하게 되었다.

1996년 1월 1일 동춘2에서 청량동이 분동되었으며, 2003년 3월 1일 옥련동이 옥련1 동과 옥련2동으로 분동됨에 따라 5개 법정동과 10개 행정동이 되었다. 2003년 12월 18일 청량동 명칭이 동춘3동으로 변경되었고, 2007년 1월 1일 동춘2동에서 송도동 이 분동되어 6개 법정동과 11개 행정동이 되었다.

2012년 1월 1일 송도동이 송도1,2동으로 분동되었고, 2014년 9월 24일 송도1동에서 송도1,3동으로 분동되어 현재 6개 법정동과 13개 행정동이 되었다.

I . HISTORY

1. THE HISTORY OF YEONSU-GU

According to the birth myth of Baekje, one of the old nations in Korea, which was mentioned on the Dongguk yeoji seungnam, the first name of Incheon was Michuhol which was named by Biryu, the elder brother of Onjo, the founder of Baekje, who settled down here, and Incheon was the main target of Koguryo, Baekje and Silla to scramble for in the era of the Three States. It had many changes in the territory to belong to and in the 14th year of King Jinheung of Silla(AD 553), it belonged to Hansan-ju which was a new state of Silla, and in the period of King Gyeongdeok, it was called Soseong as the city of Yuljin-gun. In the 9th year of King Hyeonjong of Goryeo(1018), it belonged to Soo-Ju, and in the period of King Sukjong, it was raised to Gyeongwon-gun since it was home of Queen In-yae of Yi family, and it was renamed as Ji-in-ju-sa because it was home of Queen Sundeok of Yi family in the period of King Injong. In the 2nd year of King Kongyang(1390), it was elevated to Kyeongwon-bu, and in the first year of the Yi dynasty(1392) it was called In-Ju, and it was named Incheon-kun in the 13th year of King Taejong, and in the 6th year of King Sejo, it was promoted as a Incheon To-ho-bu since it was home of Queen Soheon's mother.

The Yeonsu-gu area was including

Ongam-ri, Meokam-ri, Manghae-ri, Dongmak-ri, Chekjeon-ri, Hanjin-ri, Hambak-ri, Ya-dong and Ok-dong of Meonukem-myeon, Incheon To-ho-bu, and was included in Incheon-bu area was expanded, it was reincluded in Munhak-myeon of Pucheon-kun in 1914, and when the Incheon-bu and after it was under the Nam-gu in 1968, in accordance with the Article 4802 of Law on December 16, 1994, Ongnyeon, Seonhak, Yeonsu1, Yeonsu2, Cheonghak and Donchun-dong were divided and on March 1st of 1995, Yeonsu-gu opened its District Office which includes 5 legal villages(dongs) and 8 administrative villages(dongs). It became the present 5 legal villages(Dongs) and 10 administrative villages(Dongs) by having carried out the weight of the Cheongnyang-dong by Dongchun2-dong on January 1st, 1996, and carrying out the weight of the Ongnyeon-dong to Ongnyeon1-dong and Ongnyeon2-dong on March 1st, 2003.

On December 18st, 2003, the administrative name of Cheongnyang-dong was changed to Dongchun3-dong.

Dongchun2-dong was divided into Dongchun2-dong and Songdo-dong, so that Yeonsu-Gu had 6 legal Dongs and 11 administrative Dongs.

On January 1st, 2012, Songdo-dong was divided into Songdo1-dong and Songdo2-dong.

Songdo1-dong divided two Dongs, Songdo1-dong and Songdo3-dong on. Ultimately, Yeonsu Gu have had 6 legal Dongs and 13 administrative Dongs.

2. 연대별 변천사

연 대	연 혁
고 려 초	미추홀
1392	경원부에서 仁州로 개편
1413	仁川郡으로 昇格
1461	 仁川都護府로 昇格
1748	仁川縣으로 강등
1757	仁川都護府로 환원
1914	부수지, 고촌말, 새터말, 장수배기, 마리 구레매기, 머그미새말, 갱고기, 배꼽부리, 함박매를 병합하여 연수리로 부천군 문학면에 편입
1940. 4. 1	仁川府域 擴張에 따라 仁川府로 편입
1977. 5. 10	延壽、靑鶴洞으로 名稱 변경 (조례 1075호)
1994. 12. 16	法律 4802號에 의거 延壽區 설치
1995. 3. 1	延壽區분구 개청 8개 洞 (法律 第 4789號 및 南區條例 第323號)
1996. 1. 1	1개 洞 분동(9개 行政洞)(延壽區 條例 第107號)
2003. 3. 1	1개 行政洞 분동(10개 行政洞)(延壽區 條例 第384號)
2007. 1. 1	1개 行政洞 분동(11개 行政洞)(延壽區 條例 第532號)
2012. 1. 1	1개 行政洞 분동(12개 行政洞)(延壽區 條例 第726號)
2014. 9. 24	1개 行政洞 분동(13개 行政洞)(延壽區 條例 第920號)

2. CHRONOLOGICAL HISTORY

DATE	DEVELOPMENT
Early Koryo Kingdom	Named Michuhole
1392	Changed from Kyungwon City(bu) to Inju
1413	Changed to Inchon County
1461	Raised to Level of Inchon Municipal City
1748	Demoted to Inchon Village
1757	Restored to Inchon Municipal City
1914	Busooji, Gochonmal, Sorannmal, Jangsoobaeggi, Marigurae-maeggi, Mogumi, Saemal, Gaenggoggi, Baekkokburi and Hambagmae are merged and named yeonsu Town, which was attached to Munhak Town-ship to Puchon County
1940. 4. 1	Incorporated into Inchon City as a part of the expansion program
1977. 5. 10	Renamed yeonsu-chonghak Village(Law1075)
1994. 12. 16	Extablished yeonsu-gu District(Law 4802)
1995. 3. 1	Branch of yeonsu-gu District covering eightvillages is opened(Law 4789 and by-law of South District #323)
1996. 1. 1	One village secedes and is established (Nine administrative villages, yeonsu-gu by-law #107)
2003. 3. 1	One village secedes and is established (Ten administrative villages, yeonsu-gu by-law #384)
2007. 1. 1	One village secedes and is established (Eleven administrative villages, yeonsu-gu by-law #532)
2012. 1. 1	One village secedes and is established (Twelve administrative villages, yeonsu-gu by-law #726)
2014. 9. 24	One village secedes and is established (Thirteen administrative villages, yeonsu-gu by-law #920)